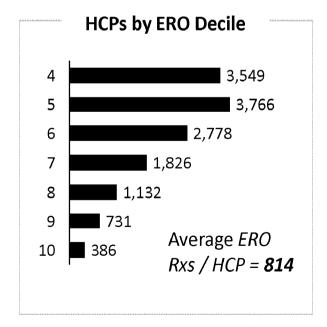


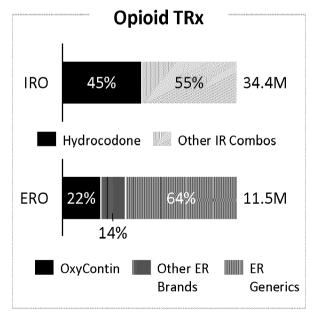
a) Hysingla ER Proactives Profile (14K HCPs)

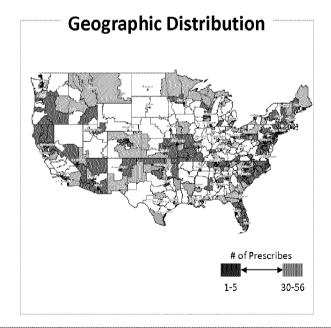
Key Insights

- Proactives believe that EROs provide better pain management for eligible patients
- Specialists, PCPs see the advantages of moleculeto-molecule switches, but to varying degrees
- Ability to add Hysingla ER into opioid options and rotation schedule is attractive
- QD dosing is advantageous, although some concerned will not last as indicated
- ADF and lack of APAP offer moderate appeal

Key Data Points	AMADIGA BANCADIR BANCADA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA
# of HCPs	~14K
Branded ERO prescriptions	4.1M
% Current OxyContin targets	79%
Average IRO to ERO conversion rate	4.6%
% Specialists / PCPs	62%/38%
% Outpatient	61%
% No-see HCPs	15%







2.

Establish
Hysingla ER as
Brand of Choice for
Proactive
Converters

Increase
Hydrocodone IR to
ER Conversion with
Focus on Delayers

Align Access Strategy and Targeting to Maximize Profitable Growth Optimize
Purdue Pain Assets
to Accelerate
Hysingla ER
Uptake

- a) Develop scientific data and messages supporting the value of converting appropriate hydrocodone IR patients to EROs
 - Identify appropriate patient populations for conversion
 - Define treatment algorithms for conversion and monitoring of patients from hydrocodone IR to an ERO
- b) Launch unbranded and branded campaigns to increase Delayer and Proactive conversion rates
 - Leverage tech-driven solutions and longitudinal patient data to help HCPs identify appropriate chronic IRO patients for EROs
 - Launch unbranded patient educational campaign to highlight the advantages of EROs for around-the-clock pain relief

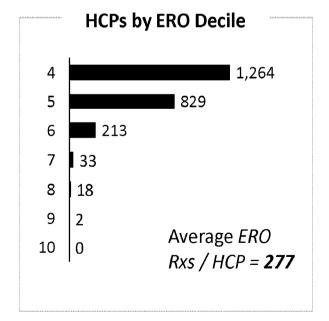


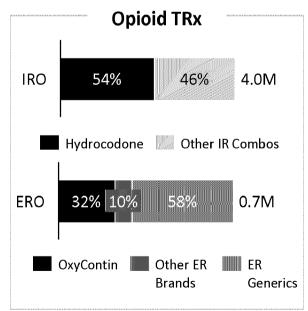
b) Hysingla ER Delayers Profile (2.4K HCPs)

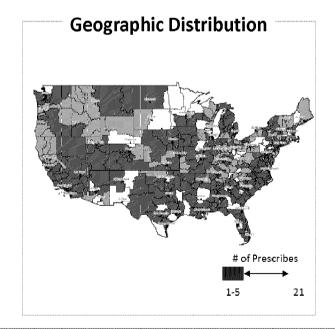
Key Insights

- Delayers use EROs as escalation when other pain management approaches fail
- Delayers are more likely to respond to patient requests to switch to ER or stay on IR
- Some believe molecule-to-molecule conversion will accelerate **dependence and desensitization**
- Good coverage and comparable costs are crucial for uptake
- QD dosing is beneficial; ADF is less relevant

Key Data Points	encino en antigorio en encino en
# of HCPs	~2.4K
Branded ERO prescriptions	274K
% Current OxyContin targets	70%
Average IRO to ERO conversion rate	0.8%
% Specialists / PCPs	28%/72%
% Outpatient	70%
% No-see HCPs	20%









Strategic Pillar #3

Establish
Hysingla ER as
Brand of Choice for
Proactive
Converters

Increase Hydrocodone IR to ER Conversion with Focus on Delayers Align
Access Strategy
and Targeting to
Maximize
Profitable Growth

Optimize
Purdue Pain Assets
to Accelerate
Hysingla ER
Uptake

- a) Drive initial demand and favorable formulary coverage through payer segmentation and by ensuring predictability of payer budgets
 - Educate payers on how Hysingla ER aligns with their approach to IR/ER opioid category management and demonstrate limited impact to budget

3.

- Harness real-world evidence and value-added collaboration to demonstrate long-term commitment to better patient outcomes
- b) Leverage MSL knowledge base / relationships with payers and KOLs to support ADF messaging, drive access and provide input into formulary decisions
- c) Ensure access through copay support, access coordination and seamless fulfillment



a) Access Strategy and Formulary Coverage

Access Strategy

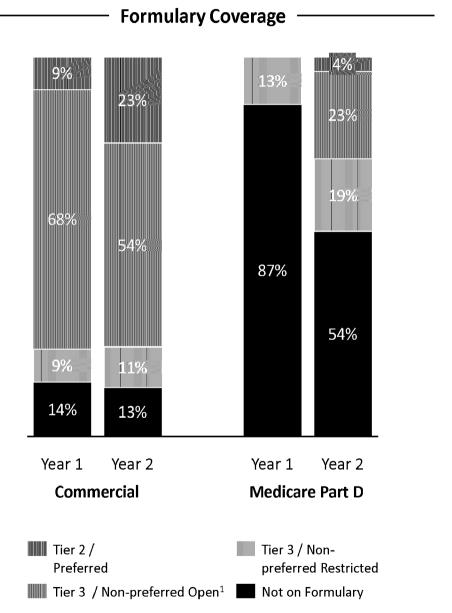
Pricing, Rebates WAC price and rebate offers set at parity with OxyContin (peak 26% blended rebate)

Contracting Strategy

- Targeted contracting strategy based on plan segmentation and profitability, i.e.,:
 - Guaranteed generic-to-branded ratio
 - Exclusive contracts (i.e., vs. Teva)
- Aggressively drive initial demand to grow volume and facilitate contracting

Payor Messages

- Hysingla ER aligns with current approach to IR/ER opioid category management—
 will not grow the branded ERO market
- Budget impact of access to Hysingla ER is limited



Note: 1) Tier 3 Open includes 30-day quantity limits and step edits through hydrocodone IR Source: Managed Markets team projections

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a) Payer Budget Impact Model

Develop Rationale for Switching to Hysingla ER

Identify

Expected patterns of ER hydrocodone use

Analyses of claims data from IR hydrocodone users, with subpopulations based on usage patterns and payer type

Determine

The current APAP burden in IR hydrocodone users

Based on analyses of claims data (prescription use only)

Estimate

Profile and costs of patients with excessive use of IR hydrocodone Excess cost of IR hydrocodone patients diagnosed with abuse

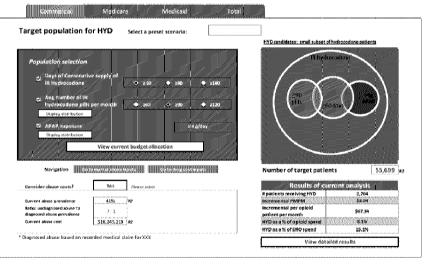
Partner to Facilitate Appropriate Patient Access

- HC cost of opioid pop.
- Excess costs of abusers
- Impact PMPM
- APAP overuse
- PA management costs
- Total Hysingla ER budget impact





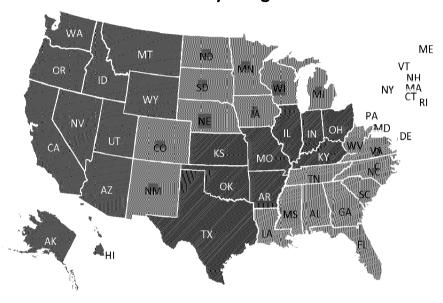
Budget Impact Model





b) Managed Care and KOLs

Initial National and Regional Territory Assignments





Director



Pharm.D.



TBD



Pharm.D.



Pharm.D., BCPS



Pharm.D., BCPS

Launch Activities

Material Preparation

- Full Clinical Slide Presentation
- "Responsive Only" modules based on anticipated inquiries
- Budget Impact Model Materials (from H.O.P.E.)
- State Medicaid packet and testimony

Internal Training & Development

- Review Rules of Engagement, customer-facing strategy and priorities
- Market plan & competition, launch strategy

Execution

 Schedule KOL meetings and begin Hysingla ER-specific support in the field

Feedback & Measures

 MSL presents to internal stakeholders (managed care), HOPE Mock P&T Ad Board, and at assigned conferences



Strategic Pillar #4

1.
Establish
Hysingla ER as
Brand of Choice for
Proactive
Converters

Increase Hydrocodone IR to ER Conversion with Focus on Delayers Align
Access Strategy
and Targeting to
Maximize
Profitable Growth

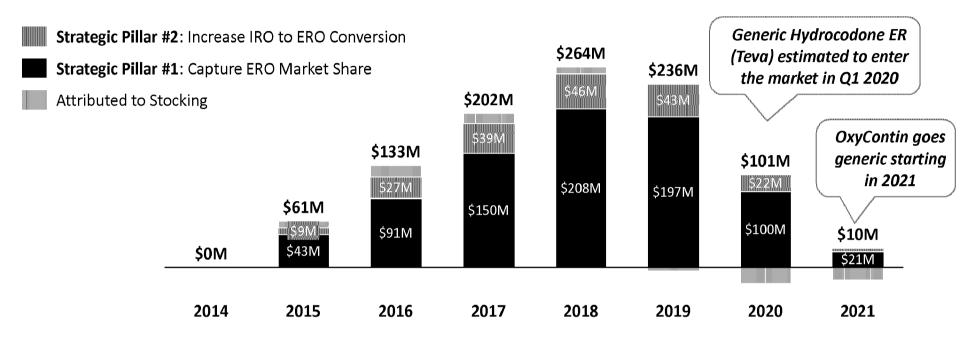
Optimize
Purdue Pain Assets
to Accelerate
Hysingla ER
Uptake

- a) Leverage Purdue's existing, experienced sales force to drive uptake with target HCPs, with Hysingla ER at priority position at launch
- b) Leverage real-world data to address payer and policy-maker concerns on Hysingla ER use
- c) Pursue favorable public policy and regulatory status for Hysingla ER (e.g., ADF special tier status)



Hysingla ER Financial Opportunity

Hysingla ER Net Revenue



	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Hysingla ER share of hydrocodone ERs	0%	62%	66%	57%	53%	45%	22%	4%
Hysingla ER TRxs	ОК	224K	491K	793K	928K	820K	407K	88K
Gross Revenue	\$0M	\$86M	\$192M	\$312M	\$382M	\$344M	\$148M	\$15M

Note: Gross sales include demand and stocking; analysis assumes competitor rebates match Hysingla ER rebates, 43% of total IRO to ERO conversions are hydrocodone familiar, 39% of these conversions go to a branded ERO treatment, the hydrocodone ERO market captures 40% of this branded & familiar opportunity. Price: \$327/ avg. Rx in 2015 with annual +3% price increases; Assumes 90% of Hysingla ER market goes generic once either generic OxyContin or Hysingla ER is available; Sources: Butrans Market by Specialty, February OxyContin LRx Report, Peak brand share of new entrants from Source of Business Data (IMS); Monitor Deloitte Analysis

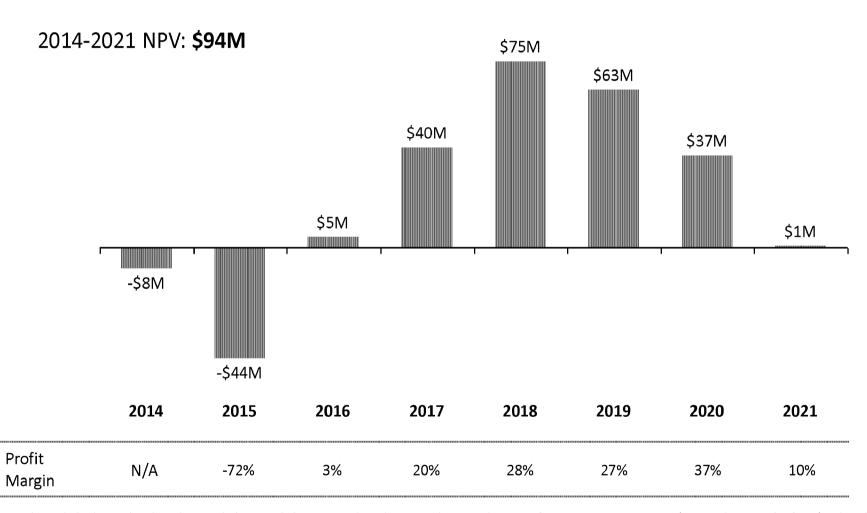
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Hysingla ER Profitability

Hysingla ER Net Income

(2014-2021)



Notes: Gross sales include demand and stocking; includes cannibalization attributed to Hysingla ER market entry from 2015-2019; Key costs (i.e., marketing, sales force) reduced in 2020 when generic hydrocodone ER (Teva) expected in market; NPV based on 9% discount rate; Sources: 2013 10-Year Plan; Butrans Market by Specialty, Combo and Chronic TRx; February OxyContin LRx Report, Peak brand share of new entrants from Source of Business Data (IMS); Monitor Deloitte Analysis



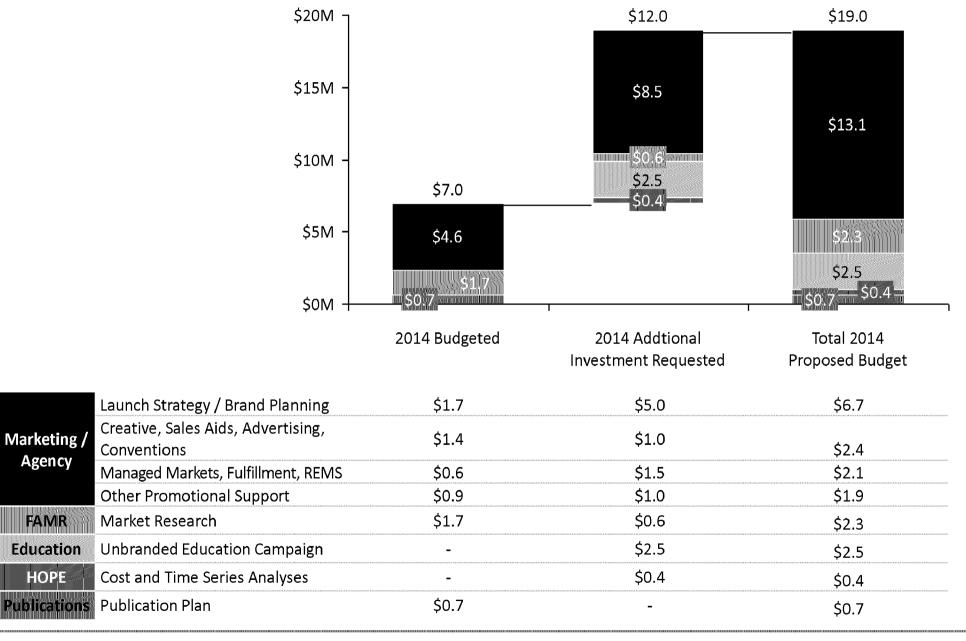
Hysingla ER P&L

(000s)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Gross Sales	-	85,990	191,882	312,098	381,730	344,094	148,383	15,382	\$1,479,559
Net Sales	-	61,257	133,195	201,620	263,542	236,448	101,498	9,877	\$1,007,436
Gross Profit	_	52,917	114,922	176,146	235,247	210,994	90,614	8,835	\$889,676
Selling & Promotion % of net sales	11,600	81,333 <i>133%</i>	77,699 58%	75,793 <i>38%</i>	73,930 <i>28%</i>	72,113 <i>31%</i>	22,114 <i>22</i> %	-	\$414,582 41%
Other Expenses (R&D, Legal, G&A, Health Care Reform Fees)	1,400	20,227	19,256	22,291	25,236	19,524	11,314	7,367	\$126,614
Product Contribution % net sales	\$(13,000)	\$(48,643) -79%	\$17,967 <i>13%</i>	\$78,062 <i>39%</i>	\$136,081 52%	\$119,357 <i>50%</i>	\$57,186 <i>56%</i>	\$1,469 15%	\$348,479 35%
Cannibalization Impact	-	19,603	11,022	16,029	21,201	21,960	-	-	\$89,814
Product Contribution Post Cannibalization % of net sales	\$(13,000)	\$(68,246) -111%	\$6,946 <i>5%</i>	\$62,033 31%	\$114,880 44%	\$97,397 41%	\$57,186 56%	\$1,469 <i>15%</i>	\$258,665 <i>26%</i>
NPV: \$94M									

Note: Gross sales include demand and stocking; includes cannibalization attributed to Hysingla ER market entry from 2015-2019; Key costs (i.e., marketing, sales force) reduced in 2020 when generic hydrocodone ER (Teva) expected in market; Selling & Promotion includes ~\$48M per year of sales expense (1/3 cost of the current 525 sales reps)



2014 Investment Request



Note: Does not include \$1M in amortization of milestones in 2014 in P&L $\,$

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2015 S&P Investment Request

1. Establish
Hysingla ER as Brand
of Choice for
Proactive Converters

2. Increase
Hydrocodone IR to ER
Conversion with
Focus on Delayers

3. Align
Access Strategy and
Targeting to
Maximize Profitable
Growth

4. Optimize
Purdue Pain Assets to
Accelerate Hysingla
ER Uptake

Name	\$M
KOL Program	\$7.6M
Ads, Print, Direct Mail, PTN	\$4.1M
eMarketing	\$3.5M
Agency Fee (half)	\$1.8M
Virtual Rep Call Cntr.	\$0.3M
Other (e.g., analytics)	\$1.5M
Publications Plan	\$0.7M
Total	\$19.5M

Name	\$M
Unbranded HCP, Patient	\$5.0M
Agency Fee (half)	\$1.8M
Physicians Interactive	\$1.7M
Patient Identification	\$0.8M
Telemarketing	\$0.5M
Other (e.g., analytics)	\$1.5M
Total	\$11.3M

Total	\$6.2M	Total	\$50.9M
H.O.P.E.	\$2.8M	Sales Force (share of existing team)	\$47.4M
Adherence Prog.	\$1.1M	Special Promotions	\$1.5M
Savings Card Admin	\$2.3M	Conventions	\$2.0M
Name	\$M	Name	\$M

Cost Center	Marketing	Sales	Other Launch Support	Overall
Total \$M	\$34M	\$47M	\$7M	\$88M

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Launch Hysingla ER with a focus on driving share within two priority HCP segments

Fund additional investment (\$12M incremental in 2014) to build foundation for Hysingla ER launch and to generate momentum in the limited timeframe as the first-to-market hydrocodone ER with ADF



Hysingla ER P&L - Detailed

Sales Discounts & Allowances Patient Savings Cards Disc.	% gross % gross		\$85,990 1,720	2%	\$191,882 3,838 <i>2%</i>	\$312,098		\$381,730		\$344,094		\$148,383		\$15,382	
Sales Discounts & Allowances Patient Savings Cards Disc.	% gross		1,720	2%	2 020 70/									Y-5,55-	
Patient Savings Cards Disc.	-				3,030 270	6,242	2%	7,635	2%	6,882	2%	2,968	2%	308	2%
_	0.4		7,019	8%	9,594 <i>5%</i>	12,484	4%	11,452	3%	10,323	3%	4,451	3%	461	3%
Rebates on Factory Sales	% gross		6,019	7%	8,535 4%	11,705	4%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%	-	0%
	% gross		9,975	12%	36,720 19%	80,047	26%	99,102	26%	90,442	26%	39,466	27%	4,735	31%
Net Sales			61,257		133,195	201,620		263,542		236,448		101,498		9,877	
COGS/Shipping & Warehsg	% gross		3,440	4%	7,675 4%	12,484	4%	15,269	4%	13,764	4%	5,935	4%	615	4%
Royalty	% net		4,901	8%	10,597 8%	12,990	6%	13,025	5%	11,689	5%	4,949	5%	427	4%
Gross Profit			52,917	62%	114,922 60%	176,146	56%	235,247	62%	210,994	61%	90,614	61%	8,835	57%
Selling & Promotion	% net	11,600	81,333	133%	77,699 <i>58%</i>	75,793	38%	73,930	28%	72,113	31%	22,114	22%	-	
Marketing Expense	_	11,600	33,933		28,877	25,506		22,135		18,764		5,629		-	
Sales Force Expense			47,400		48,822	50,287		51,795		53,349		16,485		-	
Other Expenses	_	1,400	20,227		19,256	22,291		25,236		19,524		11,314		7,367	
Amort. of Milestones		1,000	1,600		1,600	1,600		1,600		1,600					
Health Care Reform Fee			-		727	1,773		3,038		2,659		2,518		1,343	
Legal Fees			2,500		2,625	2,756		2,894		3,039		-		-	
	% net		1,907	3%	3,552 <i>3%</i>	5,781	3%	7,685	3%	7,256	3%	3,689	4%	773	8%
R&D		400	14,220		10,752	10,381		10,018		4,970		5,107		5,251	
Product Contribution	% net	\$(13,000)	\$(48,643)	-79%	\$17,967 <i>13%</i>	\$78,062	39%	\$136,081	52%	\$119,357	50%	\$57,186	56%	\$1,469	15%
Cannibalization	_		19,603		11,022	16,029		21,201		21,960					
OxyContin Impact			17,158		9,178	13,393		17,912		18,645					
Butrans Impact			2,445		1,844	2,637		3,289		3,315					
Net Product Contribution	% net	\$(13,000)	\$(68,246) -	111%	\$6,946 5%	\$62,033	31%	\$114,880	44%	\$97,397	41%	\$57,186	56%	\$1,469	15%
Net Income	% net	\$(8,450)	\$(44,360)	-72%	\$4,515 <i>3%</i>	\$40,321	20%	\$74,672	28%	\$63,308	27%	\$37,171	37%	\$955	10%

Note: Gross sales include demand and stocking; includes cannibalization attributed to Hysingla ER market entry from 2015-2019; Key costs (i.e., marketing, sales force) reduced in 2020 when generic hydrocodone ER (Teva) expected in market



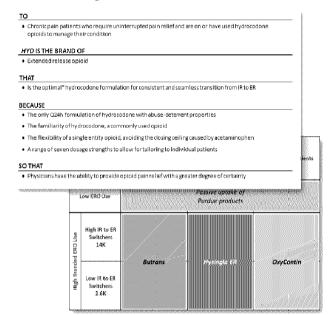
Framework for Hysingla ER Launch Readiness

Positioning

Hysingla ER Strategies

Value Proposition

Positioning statement



Market Map

Strategic Pillars



Increase
Hydrocodone IR to
ER Conversion with
Focus on Delayers

Align Access Strategy and Targeting to Maximize Profitable Growth 4.
Optimize
Purdue Pain Assett
to Accelerate
Hysingla ER
Uptake



Payor / Policy



Patient







IDN

- Positioning serves as the foundation for brand strategy
- Brand strategy consists of four strategic pillars for Hysingla ER that will bring the positioning to life
- Strategic pillars outline how
 Hysingla ER's value proposition will
 be made clear to all stakeholders



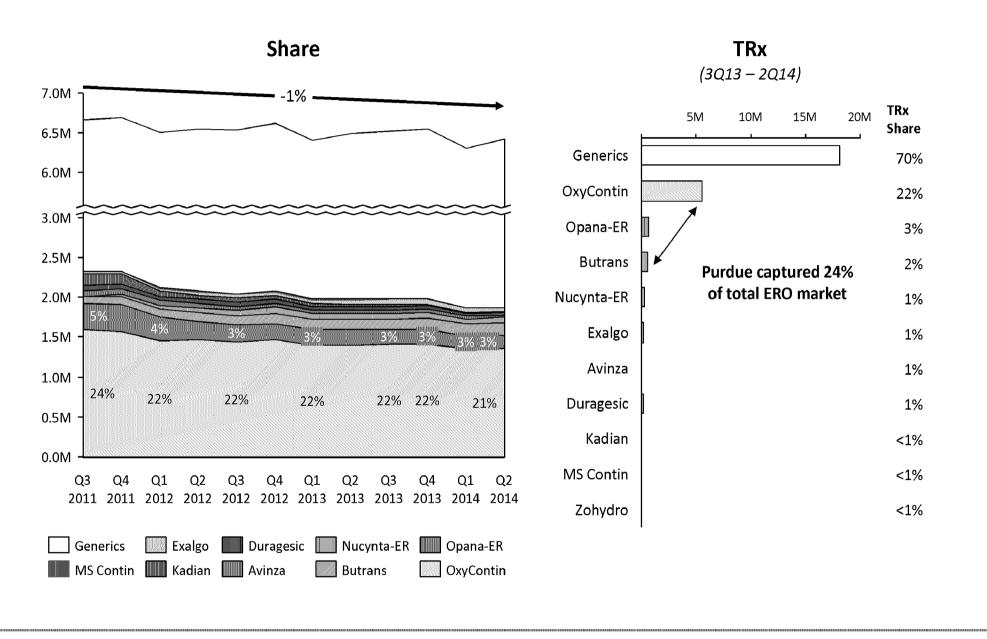
Positioning for Purdue's Pain Portfolio

Patient Characteristics Prescriber Characteristics		Chronic Pain Patients Not Using Opioids, Using Low- dose Hydrocodone IR or Using Tramadol IR	Hydrocodone IR patients (≥20mg/day)	Oxycodone IR patients
Low ERO Use			Passive uptake of Purdue products	
ed ERO Use	High IR to ER Switchers 14K			
High Branded	Low IR to ER Switchers 2.6K	Butrans	Hysingla ER	- OxyContin

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Current Branded ERO Market Environment



Source: IMS Health

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Hydrocodone ER Competition

	2014		2015					
	Zohydro	Hysingla ER	MNK-155	CEP-33237				
	Z ogeni %	PURDUE	Mallinckrodt Pharmaceuticals					
Launch	March 2014	Q1 2015	Q2 2015	Q4 2015				
Abuse Deterrence	None (ADF to launch Q4 2016 ¹)	Physical abuse deterrence (ADF label pending)						
Label / Product Properties	 Q12 dosing 6 dose strengths No APAP 	 Q24 dosing 7 dose strengths No APAP 	 Likely indicated for acute post-op pain Combined IR and ER pharmacokinetics Contains APAP 	 Q12 dosing 4-5 dose strengths No APAP 				
Loss of Exclusivity	ADF version post Q4 2021	Q4 2022	No exclusivity / patent overlap with competitors	Q1 2020 (if launched in 2015)				

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b) KOL Engagement Strategy

Description

• Engage high-profile KOLs at regular advisory boards to hone commercial strategies for the brand

- 8-12 KOLs

National KOLs

Speakers

Local / Regional

- Train regional thought leaders to provide education on Hysingla ER at in-person speaker programs
 - 140-150 Speakers

Targeted HCPs

- Engage select HCPs through local speakers program and web conferences / teleconferences
 - 9,900 HCPs through speakers program
 - 1,000 HCPs through web conferences

Total Reach

~11,000 HCPs

(70% of target HCPs)



b) Publication Plan (for Publications and Presentations)

Phase 1: Pre-Launch (2013-2014)

- Public health and economic value of abuse-deterrent opioid formulations
 - Costs to employers
 - Use of opioids with ADF to address opioid abuse
- Hydrocodone / APAP products some patients prescribed high doses, longterm treatment, risks of toxicity
 - Exposure to high doses of acetaminophen is common despite risks of toxicity
- Introduce Hysingla ER as a drug in development to the scientific community

Phase 2: Peri-Launch (1Q-2Q 2015)

- Efficacy, effectiveness, tolerability, and safety
 - Double-blind pivotal trial
 - Open-label 12-month trial
 - Incoming Vicodin users
 - Hysingla ER's ADF
 - Doing guidelines
 - Once-daily pharmacologic profile
 - Information for payers

Phase 3: Post-Launch (3Q 2015-2016)

- Long-term effectiveness and safety
 - Open-label 18-month data
- No signal of hearing disturbances
- Tolerability and effective analgesia in multiple patient populations
- Comprehensive pharmacologic profile
 - Lack of PK effect with food
 - PK in special populations
 - Review of clinical pharmacology program
- Abuse deterrence in community settings
- Pharmacoeconomics (HOPE)

Target Groups for Presentations and Publications

Pain medicine specialists

- American Acad. of Pain Mgmt.
- American Acad. of Pain Med.
- American Pain Society
- Etc.

Primary care / supportive care

- American Academy of Family Practitioners
- American Assoc. of NPs
- American Academy of PAs

Managed care / pavers

- American Acad. of Managed Care Pharmacy
- CPDD
- ISPOR



a) IRO to ERO Switching Triggers



Primary Triggers for Switching

- Too many pills per day (limit for most physicians of 6-8)
- Dose too high and pain not managed sufficiently
- Break-through pain or "highs and lows"
- Running out of pills prior to the end of the prescription
- Acute pain becomes chronic (lasts longer than 3 months)



Primary Triggers for NOT Switching

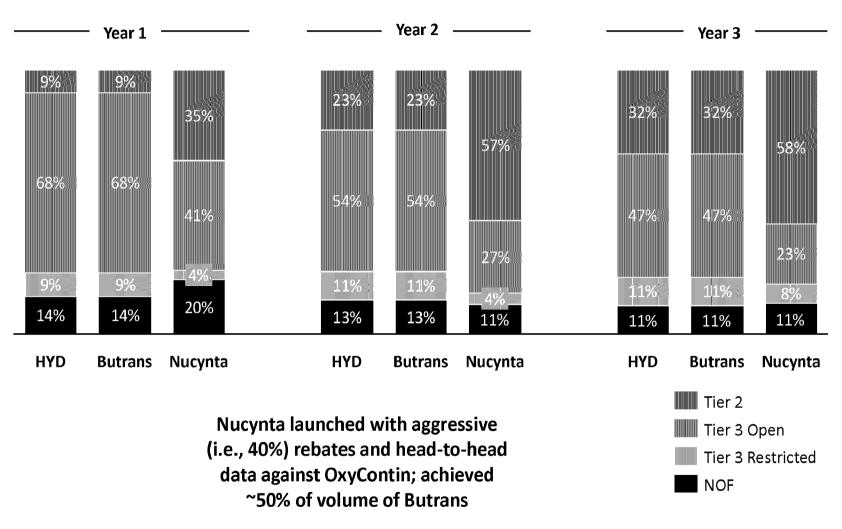
- Provider unwilling to initiate ERO (unfamiliarity with EROs, pain not deemed "severe enough," higher scrutiny of CII vs. CIII)
- Inconsistent process for reassessing pain
- Patient viewed as well-controlled / not complaining
- Prohibitive insurance (e.g., branded ERO is NOF)
- Previous ERO failure (e.g., inadequate pain relief, adverse drug event)

Who switches and when?

- HCPs who are comfortable prescribing EROs are most likely to switch to an ERO once an IRO has been proven ineffective
- Pain Management specialists (i.e., pain management, anesthesiologist, PM&R, Rehabilitation Medicine) frequently modify opioid usage to a combination of immediate and extended release opioids upon referral from inappropriately-dosed IROs
- **Neurologists** switch **as a last resort,** after other agents (e.g., Lyrica, gabapentin) have been tried. Extended release opioids are frequently viewed as an **add-on therapy**



a) Post-launch Commercial Formulary Coverage Comparison

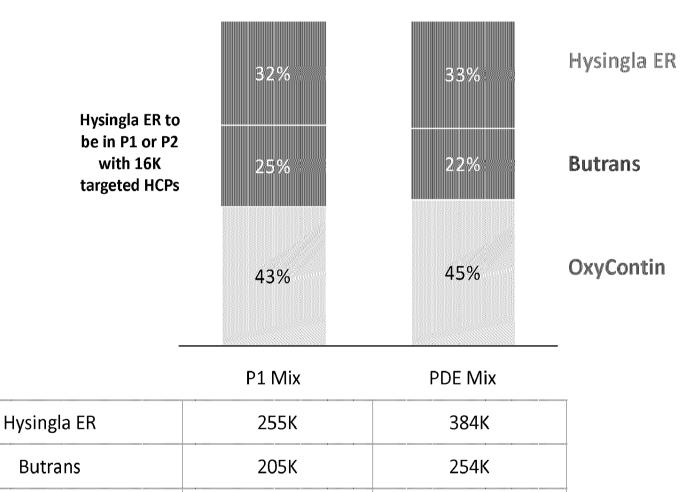


Note: 1) Tier 3 Open includes 30-day quantity limits and step edits through hydrocodone IR; 2) Coverage is an average of rates during Q1-Q4 of each year post launch Sources: Fingertip Formulary as of 7/3/14: Formulary Data Trend Report 2010 forward for Butrans, Exalgo, and Nucynta ER; HYD forecast based on Managed Markets team projections



a) Current Sales Force Supports Full Portfolio

80K target HCPs overall



538K

346K

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OxyContin



b) Post-Marketing Studies to Support Payer Strategy

	Key Message Purdue's PEO-based formulation deters abuse of opioids with abuse-deterrent characteristics		Postmarketing epidemiology studies for reformulated OxyContin demonstrating decreases in abuse		Concern that large dosage strength tablets of hydrocodone may become widely abused or diverted if Hysingla ER use increases	
Real-world/Epidemiology	Purdue's PEO-based formulation decreases resource utilization associated with abuse	•	Postmarketing epidemiology studies for reformulated OxyContin demonstrating decreases in diagnosed abuse / addiction / overdose	•	Concern that Hysingla ER will increase resource utilization for payers due to increased abuse/addiction	
– Real-worl	A large number of patients remain on IR hydrocodone-acetaminophen for longer than 90 days and chronically consume unsafe levels of acetaminophen from IR hydrocodone-acetaminophen	•	MarketScan commercial and Medicaid insurance claims analyzed within Purdue	•	Opinion that ER hydrocodone is not needed because IR hydrocodone is used short term and is generally safe	
	Patients who use long-term ER opioids can be predicted so that patient segments/pricing can be determined	•	MarketScan commercial and Medicaid insurance claims analyzed within Purdue	•	Confusion about which patients would be suitable for Hysingla ER and budget impact	
Risk Management —	Abuse rates of Hysingla ER in the community compare favorably with comparator opioid products and are lower than Zohydro	•	FDA-required postmarketing epidemiology studies for Hysingla ER assessing abuse versus other opioids	•	Concern that Hysingla ER use will exacerbate the problem of abuse, overdose & death associated with opioids	:
— Risk Man	Prescribers and patients are educated about safe and appropriate use of Hysingla ER by the ER/LA REMS	•	REMS Assessments indicating EMS- compliant continuing education courses are widely available and effective	•	Concern that Hysingla ER will be prescribed inappropropriately or used unsafely by patients	

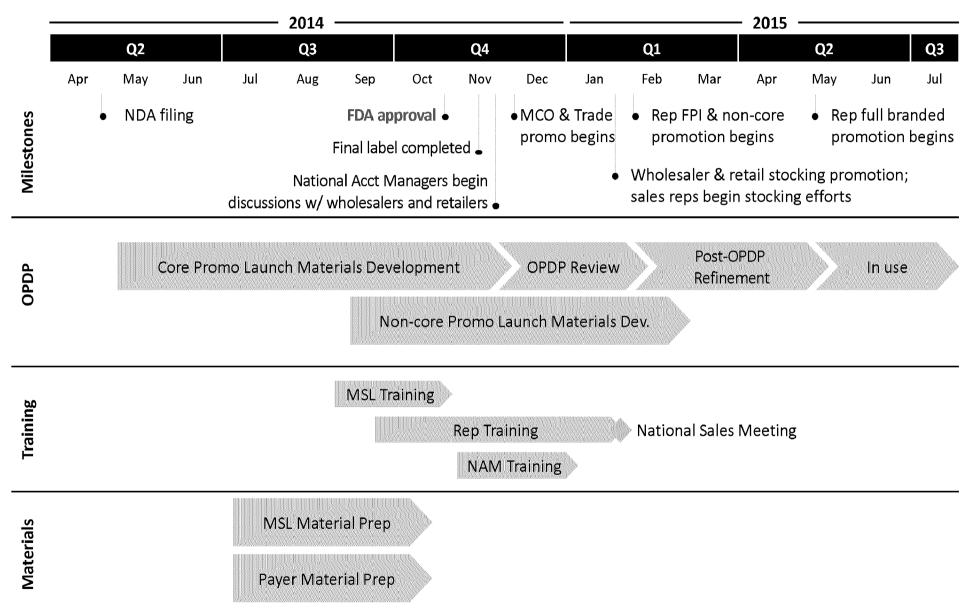


c) Corporate Affairs Support for Hysingla ER

Function Government Relations	Drive policy initiatives at the federal and state level to support access for Hysingla ER and remove hydrocodone formulations without ADF from the market, if desired	 Tactical Details Introduce and advance state-level legislation that prohibits prescribing of non-ADF medication when an ADF is prescribed 		
		 Continue informing FDA regulatory policymaking process with respect to value of ADFs and risk of non- ADF generics 		
Communications	Conduct outreach through the media and other communications channels to promote the value of Hysingla ER as a new therapeutic agent with abuse-deterrent properties	 Generate mass-market, trade outlet and social media publicity around product milestones 		
		 Conduct regular informational briefings to select reporters, increasing their knowledge of the product class; Hysingla ER specifically, new research data, and related medical and policy issues 		
		 Leverage paid media to generate awareness of and support for Hysingla ER as a tool for appropriate pain management with abuse deterrent properties 		
Policy / Alliance Development	Communicate the value of Hysingla ER to key opinion leaders, HCP organizations, and patient advocacy groups; mobilize these groups to support product commercialization	 Develop tools to enable Purdue and its external stakeholders to appropriately and effectively convey the value of ADFs 		
		 In alignment with the Communications function, rapidly correct misinformation regarding Hysingla ER, its product class and/or the broader area of pain management medication 		



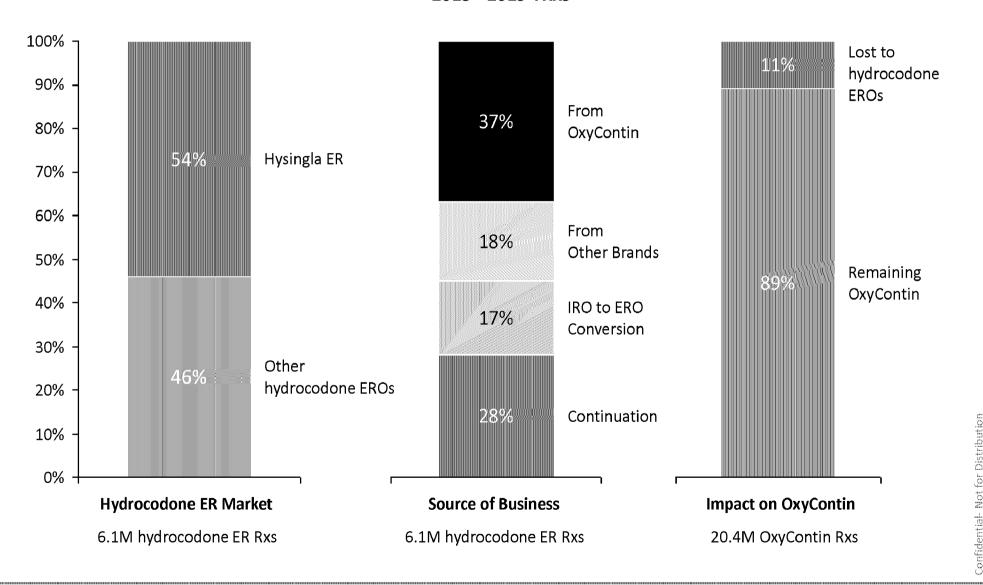
Hysingla ER Launch Rollout Timeline





Sources of Business of Hydrocodone EROs – 2015 - 2019

2015 - 2019 TRxs



TAB 6

Quarterly Compliance Report to Board of Directors 2Q2014

Bert Weinstein
Vice President, Corporate Compliance
August 14, 2014



Compliance Summary for 2Q2014



Purdue continues to have strong systems and processes in place to prevent and detect violations of law, regulations and company policies, and to remediate issues before they become significant problems.

No significant compliance issues in the 2nd quarter, or to date in 2014

The following pages report on Purdue's Sunshine Act reporting and on Compliance audits during 2Q2014





Sunshine Act



2014 Sunshine Act filing (2013 data)



- Sunshine filing timely made in June for six Purdue "Applicable Manufacturer" entities - - see below
- The "General Dollar" amount of \$3,774,933 will be the reported spend on the CMS website in September; "Research Dollars" will be reported on a delayed basis in the future to protect confidential R&D information

Applicable Manufacturer	General (# transactions)	Research (# Transactions)	Total Transactions	General Dollars	Research Dollars *	Total Dollars
Purdue Pharma L.P.	22,892	953	23,845	2,732,705.04	6,263,169.61	\$8,995,874.65
Rhodes Pharmaceuticals L.P.	1	13	14	87.56	646,708.70	\$646,796.26
Purdue Products L.P.	4	0	4	5,669.96	0	\$5,669.96
Purdue Neuroscience Company	0	77	77	0	361,266.46	\$361,266.46
Purdue Transdermal Technologies L.P.	2420	4	2424	1,036,125.59	9,349.54	\$1,045,475.13
Purdue Pharma of Puerto Rico	17	0	17	345.19	0	\$345.19
TOTAL	25,334	1,047	26,381	3,774,933.34	7,280,494.31	\$11,055,427.65



"Dispute" period for HCPs/Teaching Hospitals

- and sputes with
- During the period July 14th August 27th, HCPs and Teaching Hospitals may view data and raise disputes with CMS as to spend reported by Applicable Manufacturers
- To date, no disputes have been received (perhaps, because, in order to dispute spend, recipients must first register on the CMS website, requiring personal data and a complicated process?)
- Corporate Compliance will manage any disputes with relevant business areas affected to preserve customer relations
- CMS plans to make all Applicable Manufacturers' data public September 30th





Compliance Audits



Compliance Audits Completed – 2Q2014



Managed Care

- To provide a level of assurance that Purdue Managed Care Account Executives and Area Managers were performing activities in compliance to the Managed Care SOP.
- No Critical Findings; Findings concerning documentation of issues on FCRs, submission timing of FCRs, accuracy / timing of expense submissions, timing of call note entries, and call note reviews by managers. Remediation is underway

<u>Aggregate Spend - Commercial</u>

- To verify that Sales Representatives were properly documenting expenses related to Health Care Professionals
- No Critical Findings; Findings concerning data and documentation accuracy and manager oversight. This was a follow up audit from 2013, to assure accurate state and federal spend reports.



Compliance Audits In Progress – 2Q2014

Speaker Programs

- To assess compliance with speaker program procedures and company guidelines
- Report pending preliminary findings include: size of speaker bureau may be too large for the number of programs; but significant improvements from 2011 Compliance audit

Contracts with HCPs and payment at FMV

- To assess compliance with contracting and fair market value procedures
- Report pending No Critical Findings; found a small percentage of transactions did not have a Statement of Work associated with the HCP's contract



Questions?



If there are any questions or comments, please contact Bert Weinstein at

@pharma.com, or at

Redacted



To:	Sackler, Dr F	≀aymond R	@ pl	harm <u>a.com]; Sa</u>	<u>ickler,</u>
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Tuesday, August 12, 2014

Dear All,

Attached is the final Agenda and Board Book for the meetings of the Boards of Directors (U.S. Companies) to be held on Thursday, August 14, 2014 in the Stamford Board room. The meetings of the Boards of Directors (U.S. Companies) will commence on Thursday following the meetings of the Board of Directors of MNP Consulting Limited.

Directors are encouraged to attend the meetings in person.

For those persons joining the meetings telephonically, please note the **new call-in details** for these meetings as follows:

From the United States: Redacted

Outside the United States: Redacted

Passcode: Redacted

The attached materials have been uploaded to BoardVantage.

Stuart

This e-mail, and any attachments thereto, is intended only for use by the addressee(s) named herein and may contain legally privileged and/or confidential information. If you are not the intended recipient of this e-mail, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution or copying of this e-mail, and any attachments thereto, is strictly prohibited. If you have received this e-mail in error, please notify me by replying to this message and permanently delete the original and any copy of this e-mail and any printout thereof.

For additional information about Chadbourne & Parke LLP and Chadbourne & Parke, a multinational partnership, including a list of attorneys, please see our website at http://www.chadbourne.com

BOARDS OF DIRECTORS MEETINGS (U.S. Companies)

AGENDA

Thursday, August 14, 2014 (10:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.)

(Total Time: 145 Minutes or 2 Hours and 25 Minutes)

- Interim Decisions
 - None
- 2. Pending Decisions
 - None
- 3. <u>HYD Launch Preview</u> (60 Minutes) (U.S. 3 through U.S. 41)
- 4. 2014 Financial Update and 2015 Budget Preview (30 Minutes) (U.S. 43)
- 5. U.S. 2Q2014 Written Compliance Report (U.S. 45 through U.S. 53)
- 6. Update Targiniq[®] (15 Minutes)
- 7. <u>Talent Development and Compensation Committee Report on U.S. Candidates, Recommendations and Consideration by the Board of Directors (30 Minutes) (U.S. 55)</u>
 - A. Vice President, Sales
 - B. Vice President, Licensing and Business Development
 - C. Vice President, Human Resources
 - D. Vice President, Marketing and Managed Markets
- 8. Celltrion (10 Minutes)
- 9. Other

TAB 3

PROPOSED DECISION

August 14, 2014

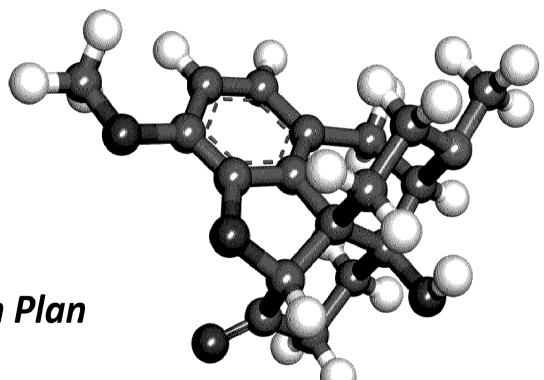
Additional Investment – Hysingla® ER (HYD)

It is recommended to approve an additional investment in 2014 in the amount of \$12 million in support of the launch of Hysingla® ER (HYD). This investment is in addition to the \$7 million already funded for pre-filing work. With the NDA filed, additional pre-launch work is recommended as follows:

			2014 Additional Investment Requested
1	Launch Strategy / Branding		\$5.0 million
Marketing / Agency	Creative, Sales Aids, Advertising, Conventions		\$1.0 milion
	Managed Markets, Fulfillment, REMS		\$1.5 million
	Other Promotional Support		\$1.0 million
FAMR	Market Research		\$0.6 million
Education	Unbranded Education Campaign		\$2.5 million
HOPE	Cost and Time Series Analyses		\$0.4 million
Publications	Publication Plan		
	T	OTAL:	\$12.0 million

(Recommendation of the Board of Directors of MNP Consulting Limited)





Hysingla ER Launch Plan

August 1, 2014



- Executive Summary
- Market Context and Opportunity
- Hysingla ER Strategies
- Hysingla ER Forecast
- > Recommendations





Executive Summary

- Hysingla ER fills a current unmet need for a hydrocodone ER with abuse deterrent formulation (ADF)
 - Despite Zohydro's recent approval, limited uptake due to lack of ADF and minimal market presence leave a considerable opportunity for Hysingla ER
 - While Hysingla ER will be the first-to-market hydrocodone ER with ADF, Teva's expected launch (Q4 2015) will limit Hysingla ER's key competitive advantage
- To capitalize on the limited window of opportunity, **Hysingla ER will launch a selective go-to-market strategy** targeting two key prescriber segments:
 - Proactives: Opportunity for Hysingla ER to capture share of branded ERO prescriptions, driven by molecule-to-molecule preferences, and reinforce IRO to ERO conversion
 - Delayers: Potential to increase low rate of ERO conversion for chronic IRO patients and capture share for Hysingla ER
- Four key strategies will drive Hysingla ER's success:
 - Establish Hysingla ER as the Brand of Choice for Proactive Converters
 - Increase Hydrocodone IR to ER Conversion with Focus on Delayers
 - Align Access Strategy and Targeting to Maximize Profitable Growth
 - Optimize Purdue Pain Assets to Accelerate Hysingla ER Uptake including leveraging the existing sales force
- The current forecast projects an NPV of \$94M with 2018 peak net sales of \$264M (profitable in 2016)
- We recommend launching Hysingla ER given the strong financial opportunity and market / patient need
 - Request incremental \$12M in cross-functional investment in 2014 to maximize our launch opportunity



Brand Vision and Goals



Vision: Be the leading hydrocodone ER—complementing a portfolio of pain medications for chronic pain patients



Objectives:

Launch (2015)

- \$86M Gross Sales
- \$61M Net Sales
- 224K Rxs
- 45K Patients
- 9% Tier 2 Commercial
- 68% Tier 3 Commercial
- 13% Tier 3 Med-D

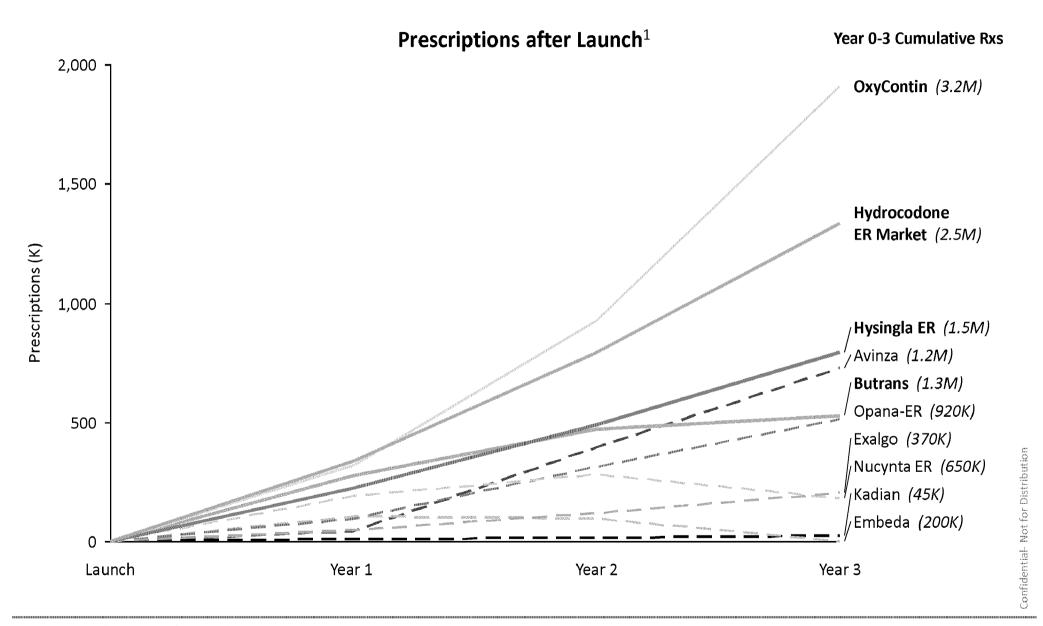
Peak (2018)

- \$382M Gross Sales
- \$264M Net Sales
- 928K Rxs
- 186K Patients
- 32% Tier 2 Commercial
- 16% Tier 2 Med-D
- 47% Tier 3 Commercial
- 24% Tier 3 Med-D

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Hysingla ER Forecasted Performance Relative to Other Launches



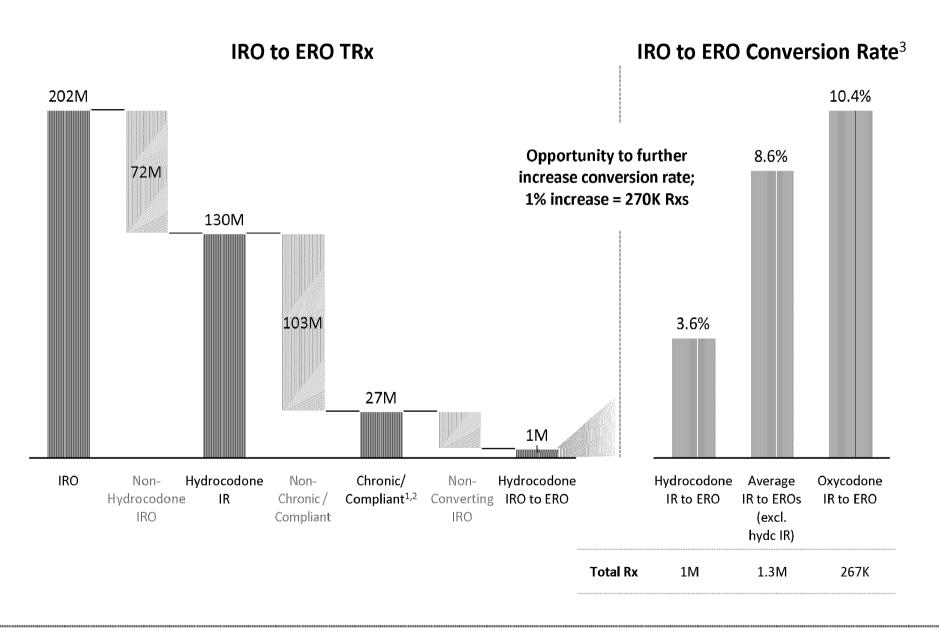
Source: Long-acting SEO Launch Comparison

Note: 1) FDA Approval dates: Kadian 3Q96; Avinza 1Q02; Embeda 3Q09; Opana-ER 2Q06; Exalgo 1Q10; Nucynta ER 3Q11; Butrans 2Q10; OxyContin 4Q95

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Hysingla ER Market Opportunity



Notes: 1) Chronic, compliant based on 90+ days on therapy and >80% compliance by fulfillment; 2) Chronic definition allows for a 15-day fulfillment gap; 3) Of Rxs to chronic and

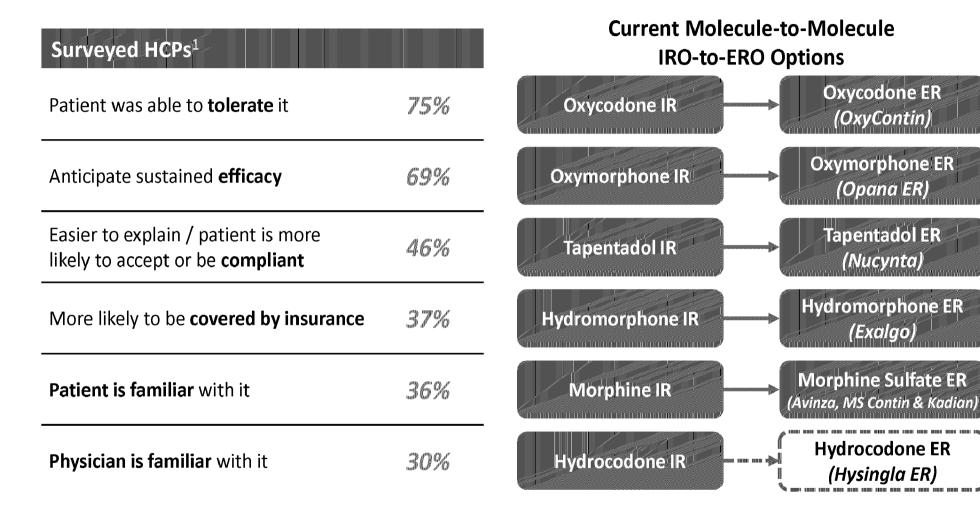
compliant patients

Sources: Butrans Market by Specialty, 2013; ERO TRx, 2014

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Benefits of Keeping Patient on Same Molecule



Other than Zohydro, there is currently no molecule-to-molecule switch available for hydrocodone IR patients

Note: 1) Based on PCPs (n=98), NP/PAs (n=48), Pain Specialists (n=95), Oncologists (n=45)

Sources: Hydrocodone ER Exploratory, April 2013; HYD Drivers of Choice Report, December 2013; Chronic Pain Patient Flow Study Update, November 2013

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Strategic Pillar #1

1.

Establish
Hysingla ER as
Brand of Choice for
Proactive
Converters

Increase Hydrocodone IR to ER Conversion with Focus on Delavers Align Access Strategy and Targeting to Maximize Profitable Growth Optimize
Purdue Pain Assets
to Accelerate
Hysingla ER
Uptake

- a) Disproportionately invest resources including sales force in 'Proactives' for first 6 months post-launch to establish Hysingla ER as the brand of choice for hydrocodone IR-exposed patients over other EROs
 - Promote Hysingla ER as the first and only opioid with ADF and Q24h hydrocodone ER without APAP
- b) Cultivate relationships with existing KOLs / speakers during initial early-start program and leverage publications to support Hysingla ER differentiation

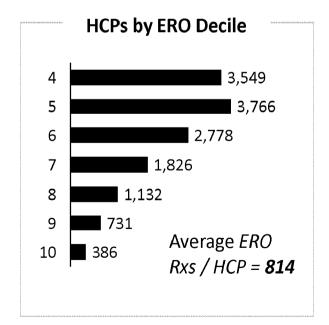


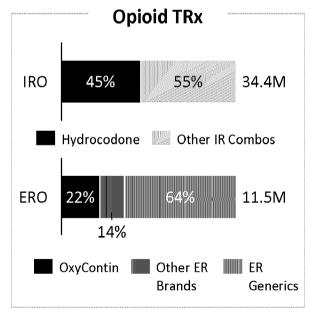
a) Hysingla ER Proactives Profile (14K HCPs)

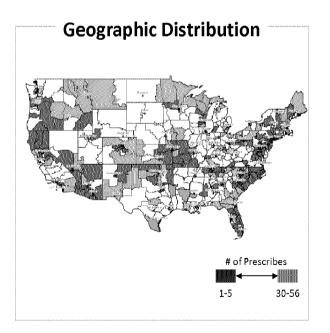
Key Insights

- Proactives believe that EROs provide better pain management for eligible patients
- Specialists, PCPs see the advantages of moleculeto-molecule switches, but to varying degrees
- Ability to add Hysingla ER into opioid options and rotation schedule is attractive
- QD dosing is advantageous, although some concerned will not last as indicated
- ADF and lack of APAP offer moderate appeal

Key Data Points	entre antieraturaturutus etiteratus antieraturaturaturaturutus antieraturaturaturaturaturaturaturaturaturatu	
# of HCPs	~14K	
Branded ERO prescriptions	4.1M	
% Current OxyContin targets	79%	
Average IRO to ERO conversion rate	4.6%	
% Specialists / PCPs	62%/38%	
% Outpatient	61%	
% No-see HCPs	15%	







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2.

Establish
Hysingla ER as
Brand of Choice for
Proactive
Converters

Increase
Hydrocodone IR to
ER Conversion with
Focus on Delayers

Align Access Strategy and Targeting to Maximize Profitable Growth 4.
Optimize
Purdue Pain Assets
to Accelerate
Hysingla ER
Uptake

- a) Develop scientific data and messages supporting the value of converting appropriate hydrocodone IR patients to EROs
 - Identify appropriate patient populations for conversion
 - Define treatment algorithms for conversion and monitoring of patients from hydrocodone IR to an ERO
- b) Launch unbranded and branded campaigns to increase Delayer and Proactive conversion rates
 - Leverage tech-driven solutions and longitudinal patient data to help HCPs identify appropriate chronic IRO patients for EROs
 - Launch unbranded patient educational campaign to highlight the advantages of EROs for around-the-clock pain relief

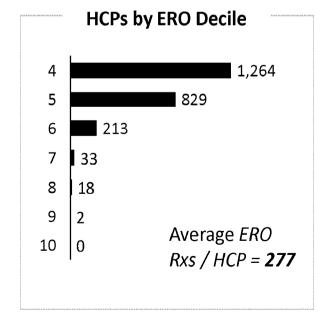


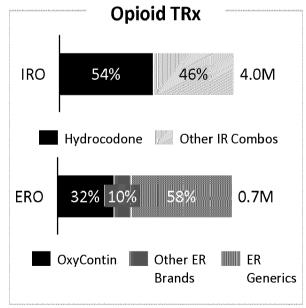
b) Hysingla ER Delayers Profile (2.4K HCPs)

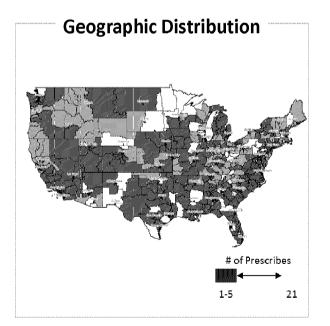
Key Insights

- Delayers use EROs as escalation when other pain management approaches fail
- Delayers are more likely to respond to patient requests to switch to ER or stay on IR
- Some believe molecule-to-molecule conversion will accelerate **dependence and desensitization**
- Good coverage and comparable costs are crucial for uptake
- QD dosing is beneficial; ADF is less relevant

Key Data Points	e anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-anti-
# of HCPs	~2.4K
Branded ERO prescriptions	274K
% Current OxyContin targets	70%
Average IRO to ERO conversion rate	0.8%
% Specialists / PCPs	28%/72%
% Outpatient	70%
% No-see HCPs	20%







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